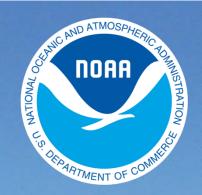
# **BookletChart**<sup>™</sup>

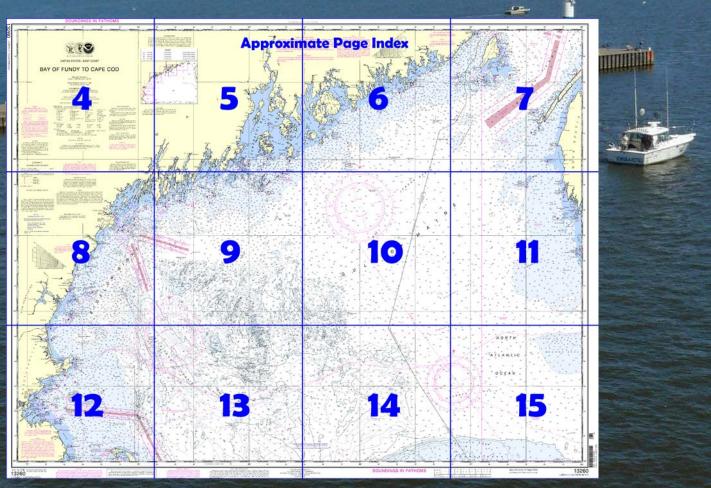
## Bay of Fundy to Cape Cod NOAA Chart 13260



A reduced-scale NOAA nautical chart for small boaters When possible, use the full-size NOAA chart for navigation.



- Complete, reduced-scale nautical chart
- Print at home for free
- Convenient size
- Up-to-date with Notices to Mariners
- Compiled by NOAA's Office of Coast Survey, the nation's chartmaker



## Published by the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration National Ocean Service Office of Coast Survey

<u>www.NauticalCharts.NOAA.gov</u> 888-990-NOAA

#### What are Nautical Charts?

Nautical charts are a fundamental tool of marine navigation. They show water depths, obstructions, buoys, other aids to navigation, and much more. The information is shown in a way that promotes safe and efficient navigation. Chart carriage is mandatory on the commercial ships that carry America's commerce. They are also used on every Navy and Coast Guard ship, fishing and passenger vessels, and are widely carried by recreational boaters.

## What is a BookletChart<sup>™</sup>?

This BookletChart is made to help recreational boaters locate themselves on the water. It has been reduced in scale for convenience, but otherwise contains all the information of the full-scale nautical chart. The bar scales have also been reduced, and are accurate when used to measure distances in this BookletChart. See the Note at the bottom of page 5 for the reduction in scale applied to this chart.

Whenever possible, use the official, full scale NOAA nautical chart for navigation. Nautical chart sales agents are listed on the Internet at <a href="http://www.NauticalCharts.NOAA.gov">http://www.NauticalCharts.NOAA.gov</a>.

This BookletChart does NOT fulfill chart carriage requirements for regulated commercial vessels under Titles 33 and 44 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

#### **Notice to Mariners Correction Status**

This BookletChart has been updated for chart corrections published in the U.S. Coast Guard Local Notice to Mariners, the National Geospatial Intelligence Agency Weekly Notice to Mariners, and, where applicable, the Canadian Coast Guard Notice to Mariners. Additional chart corrections have been made by NOAA in advance of their publication in a Notice to Mariners. The last Notices to Mariners applied to this chart are listed in the Note at the bottom of page 7. Coast Pilot excerpts are not being corrected.

For latest Coast Pilot excerpt visit the Office of Coast Survey website at <a href="http://www.nauticalcharts.noaa.gov/nsd/searchbychart.php?chart=132">http://www.nauticalcharts.noaa.gov/nsd/searchbychart.php?chart=132</a> 60.



(Selected Excerpts from Coast Pilot)
Grand Manan Banks (44°12'N., 67°05'W.),
19 miles southward of Grand Manan Island,
have an extent of about 16 miles in a
northeast-southwest direction and consist
of two sections, Northeast Bank and
Southwest Bank, with a channel 2.5 miles
wide between them. The bottom is rocky
and the least depth, 19 fathoms, is found
on Northeast Bank. The tidal currents on
the banks attain a velocity of 1.5 knots at
strength, at which time there are extensive

tide rips with both flood and ebb. The flood current sets to the north-northeast, and the ebb to the south-southwest. A good check on the position of a vessel may be obtained by soundings on these banks.

Nova Scotia and the Bay of Fundy are described in **Pub. No. 145, Sailing Directions (Enroute), Nova Scotia and the St. Lawrence,** published by the National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency, Washington, D.C. The Bay of Fundy (Grand Manan Basin) is a feeding and nursery area for endangered North Atlantic right whales in the summer and fall (peak season: July through October).

Jeffreys Bank (43°22'N., 68°44'W.), with a least found depth of 35 fathoms, lies about 26 miles southward of Matinicus Rock Light.

Platts Bank (43°09'N., 69°37'W.), has a least found depth of 27 fathoms and lies about 40 miles southeast of Portland between the two Portland Approach Traffic Lanes. North Atlantic right whales occur around Platts Bank (peak season: April through June and October through December). Banks with depths of 41 to 50 fathoms are about 5 miles northwestward, and 15 miles eastward of the shoalest part of Platts Bank.

Cashes Ledge (42°54'N., 68°57'W.), with depths of 13 fathoms in places, is about 27 miles long. Ammen Rock, covered 4¼ fathoms, is near the middle of the ledge. The sea breaks over this rock in heavy weather. Cashes Ledge is a feeding area for the endangered North Atlantic right whale in the summer and fall (peak season: June through mid-December).

**Fippennies Ledge** (42°47'N., 69°18'W.), with a least known depth of 37 fathoms, lies about 16 miles southwest of Ammen Rock. Fippennies Ledge is a feeding area for the endangered North Atlantic right whale in the summer and fall (peak season: June through mid-December). **Jeffreys Ledge** extends northeastward from Cape Ann and has general depths of 16 to 30 fathoms and more. The northeastern point of the ledge is 20 miles eastward of Boon Island Light. Jeffreys Ledge is a feeding area for endangered North Atlantic right whales in late fall (peak season: October through December, although right whales have been sighted in this area year-round.

**Stellwagen Bank** lies northward of Cape Cod and off the entrance to Massachusetts Bay; depths found over it are 10 to 20 fathoms. Stellwagen Bank is a feeding area for endangered North Atlantic right whales year-round. Peak sighting occur in the early spring, with infrequent sighting in the summer.

Gerry E. Studds–Stellwagen Bank National Marine Sanctuary, an area of approximately 638 square nautical miles of Federal marine waters, extends in a southeast-to-northwest direction in extreme southwestern Gulf of Maine, between Cape Ann, MA and the northern end of Cape Cod at the eastern edge of Massachusetts Bay. (See 15 CFR 922, chapter 2, for rules and regulations.)

Jeffreys Ledge and Stellwagen Banks are Marine Protected Areas (MPAs).

U.S. Coast Guard Rescue Coordination Center 24 hour Regional Contact for Emergencies

RCC Boston

Commander

1st CG District (617) 223-8555

Boston, MA

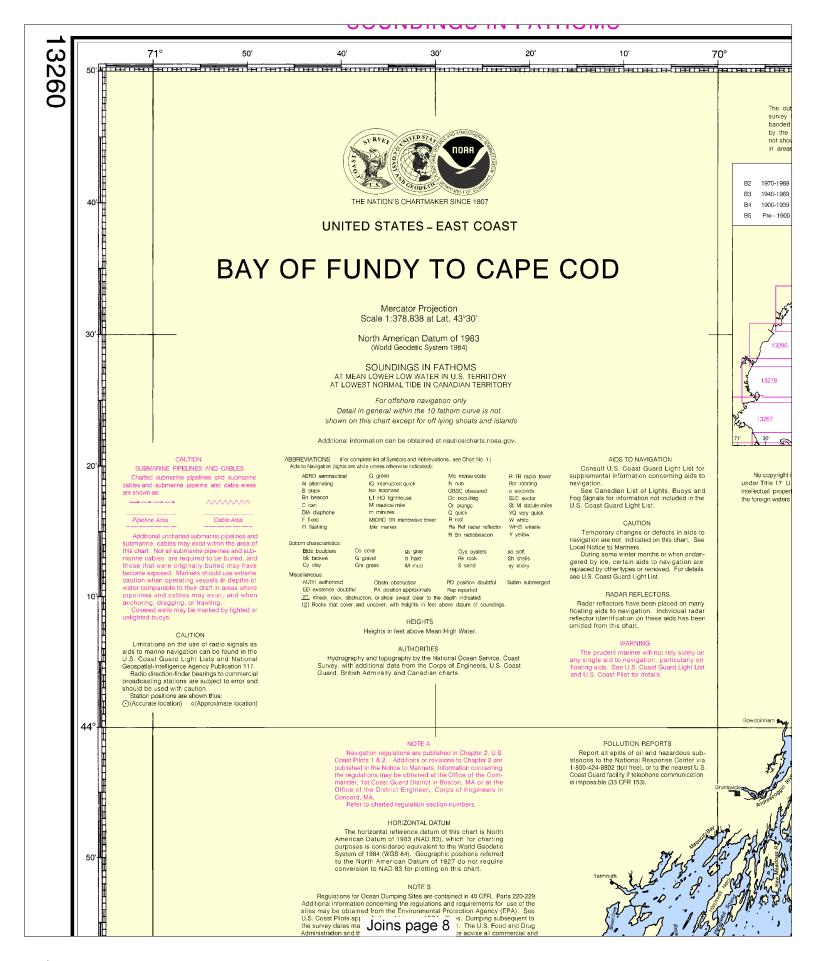
## **Table of Selected Chart Notes**

Corrected through NM Aug. 11/12 Corrected through LNM Jul. 31/12

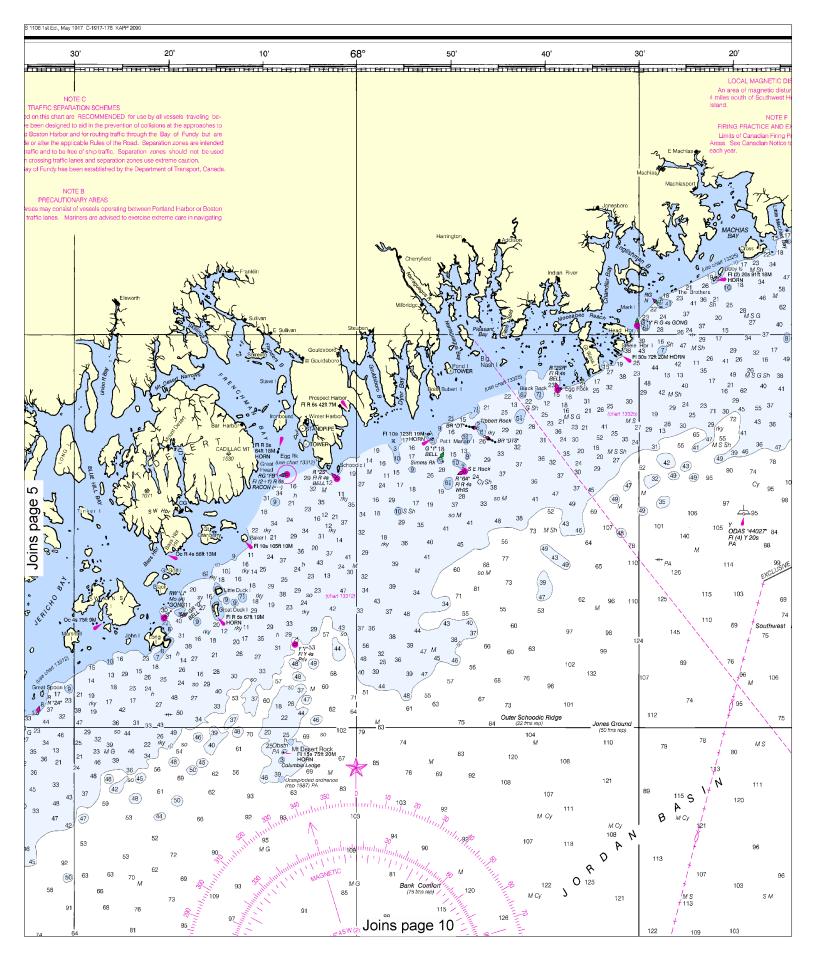
> Mercator Projection Scale 1:378,838 at Lat. 43°30'

North American Datum of 1983 (World Geodetic System 1984)

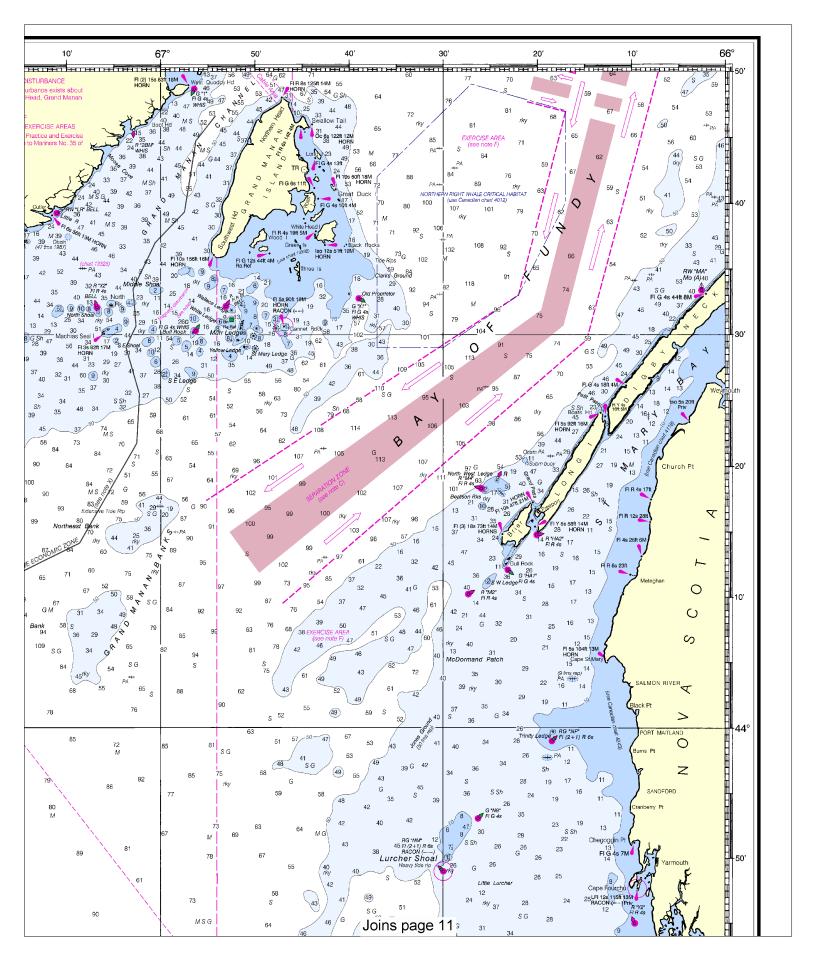
SOUNDINGS IN FATHOMS AT MEAN LOWER LOW WATER IN U.S. TERRITORY AT LOWEST NORMAL TIDE IN CANADIAN TERRITORY

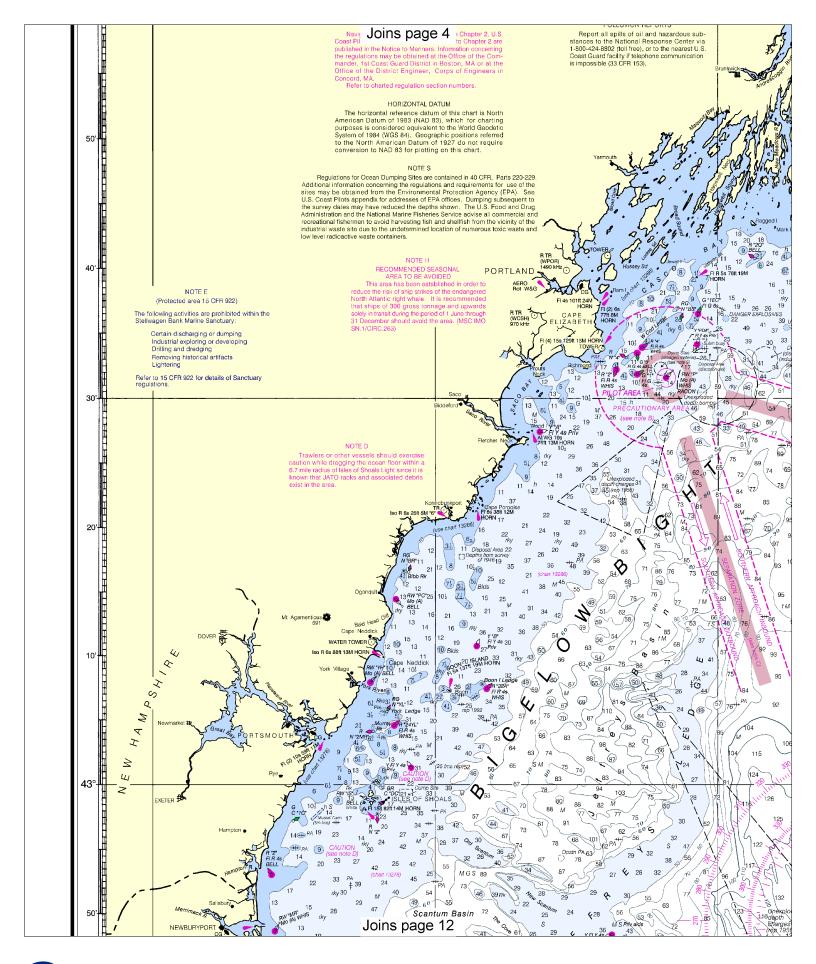




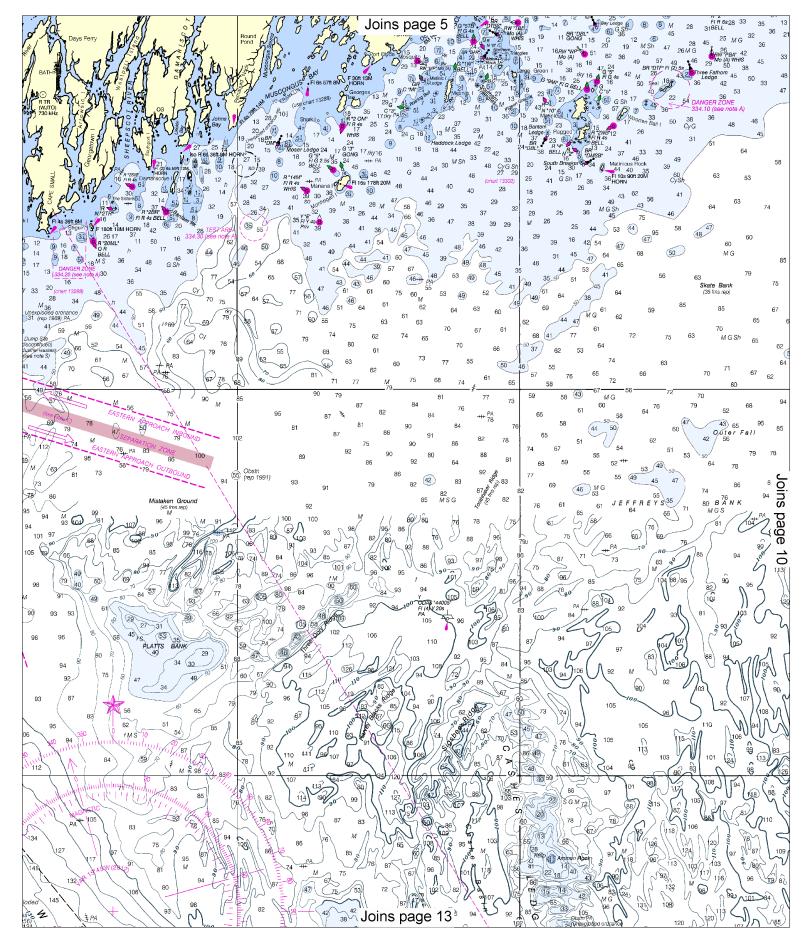




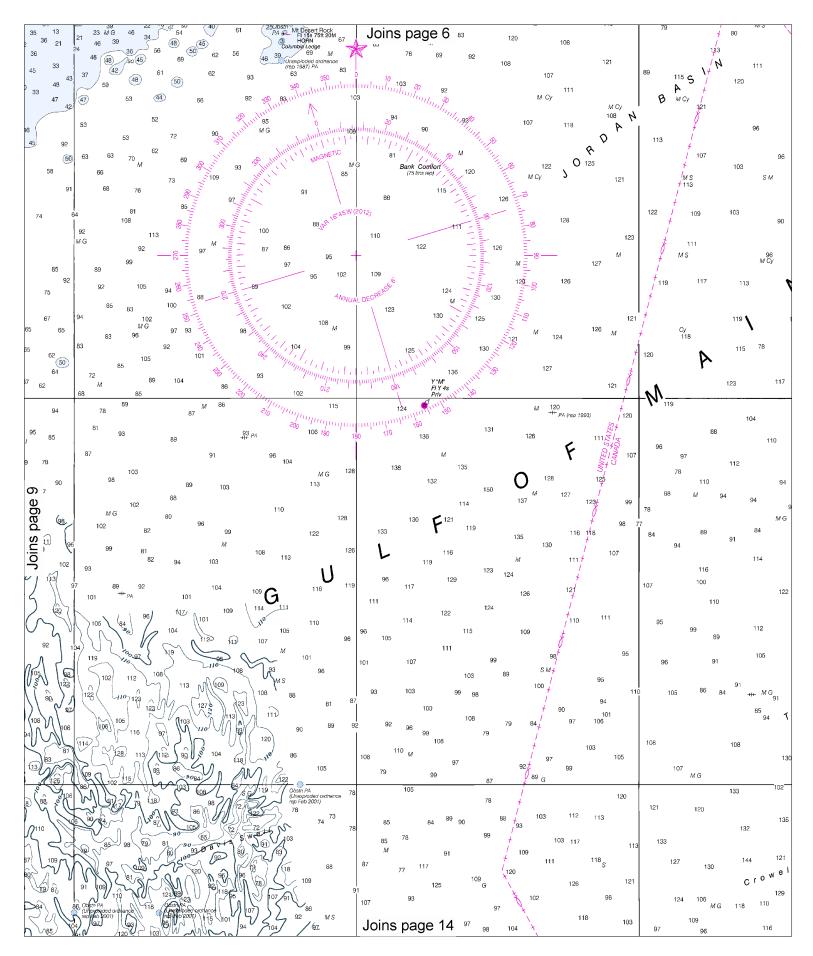




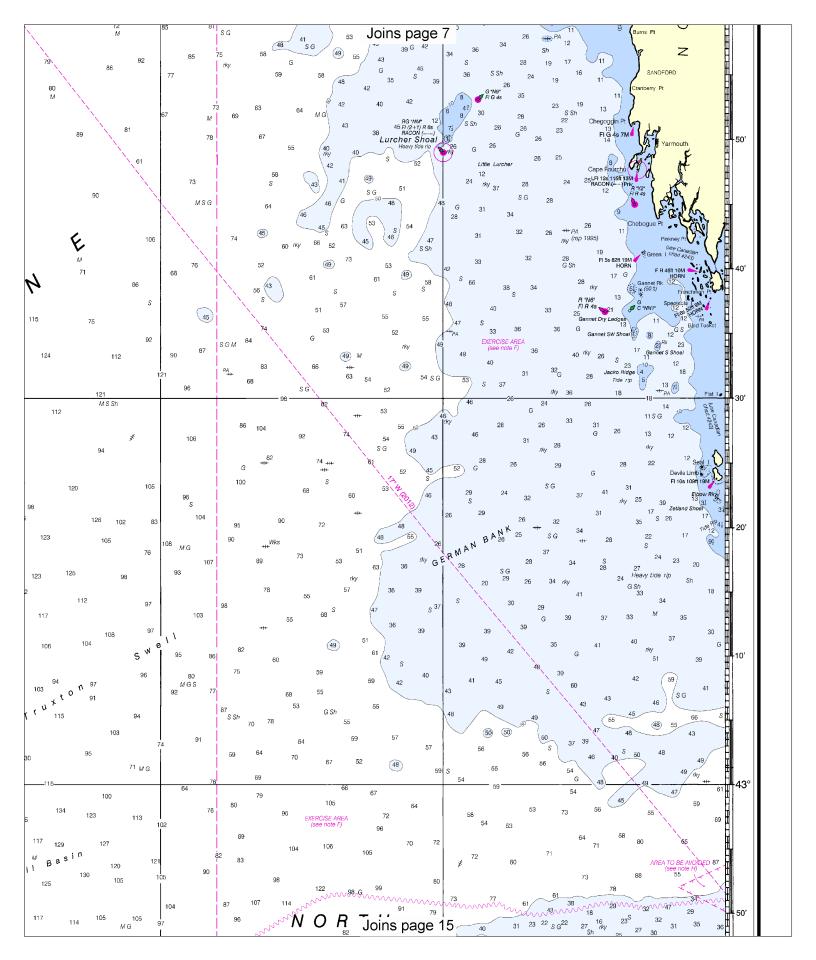


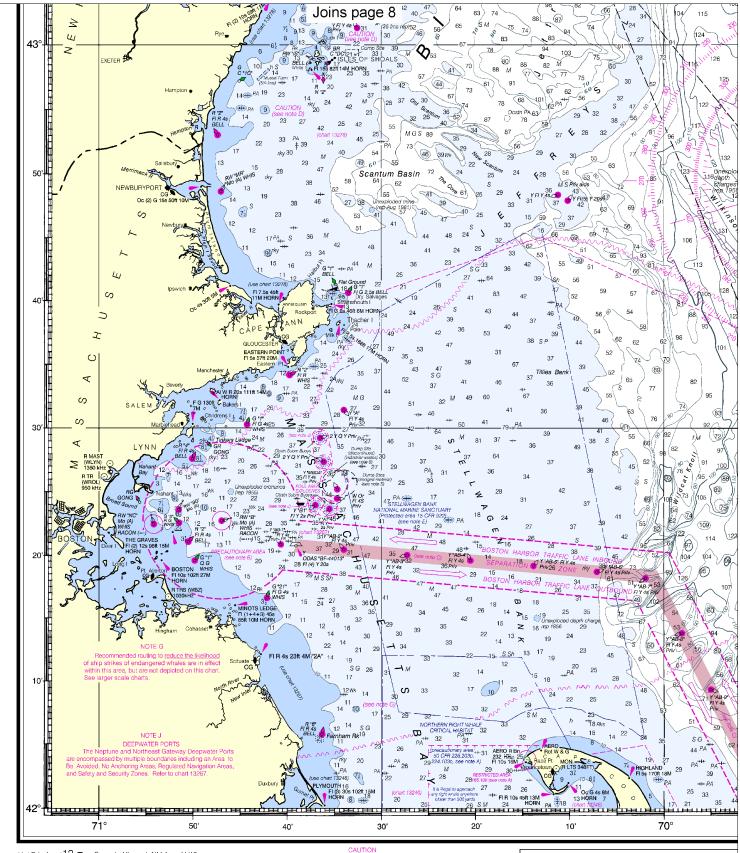






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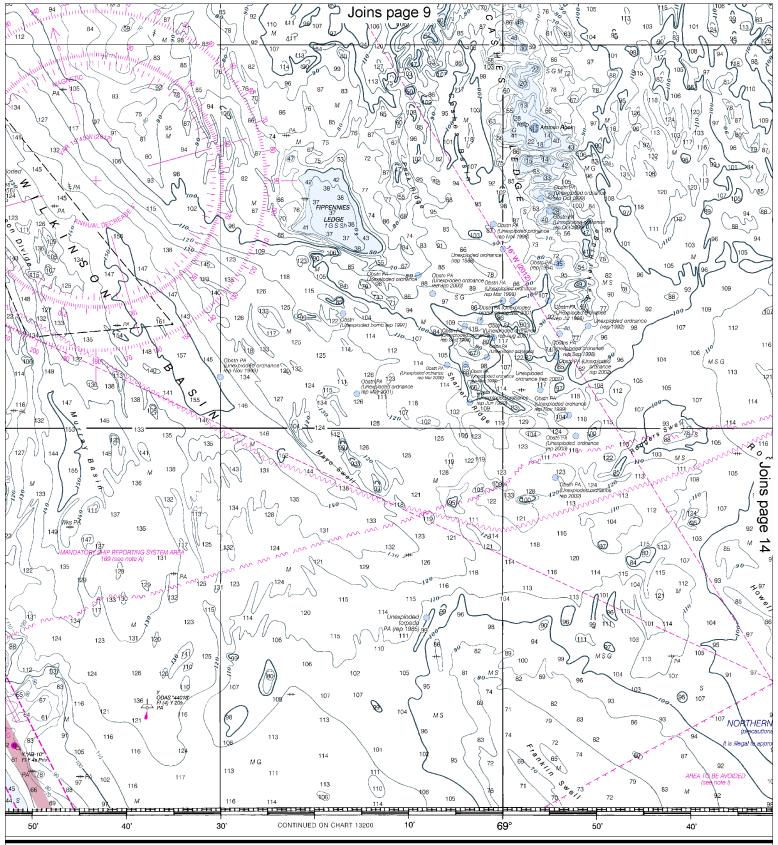




41st Ed., Aug./12 Corrected through NM Aug. 11/12 Corrected through LNM Jul. 31/12

This nautical chart has been designed to promote safe navigation. The Ocean Service encourages users to submit corrections, additions, or comimproving this chart to the Chief, Marine Chart Division (N/CS2), Nation Service, NOAA, Silver Spring, Maryland 20910-3282.





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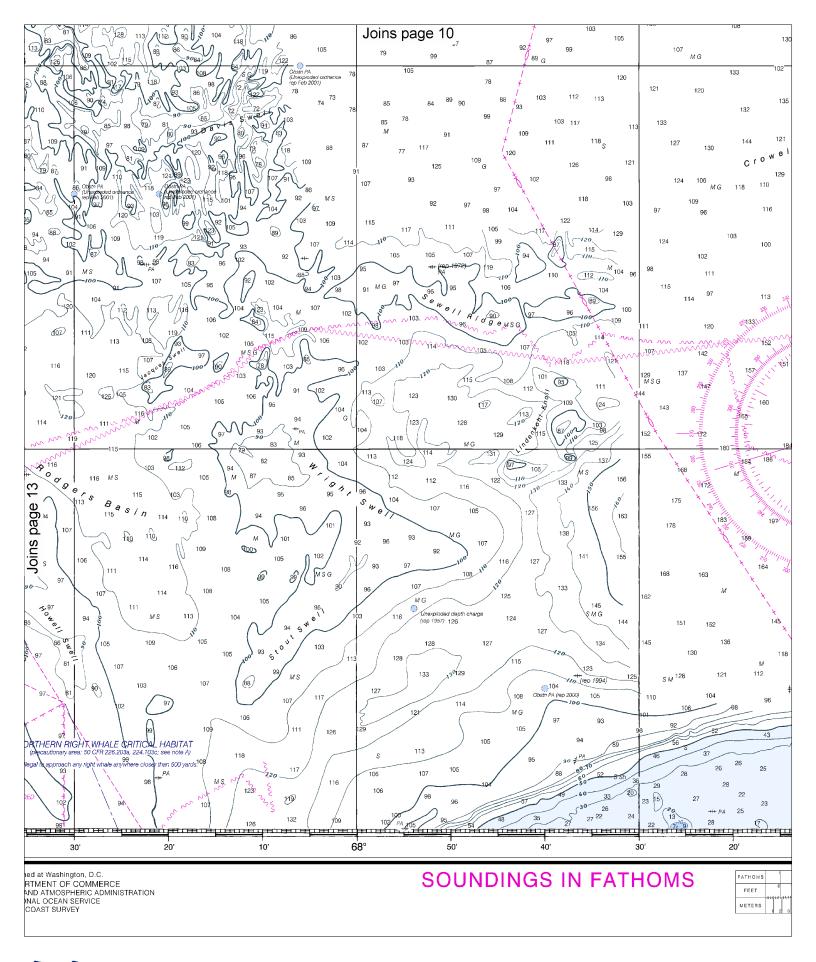
### MAGNETIC VARIATION

Magnetic variation curves are for 2012 derived from 2010 World Magnetic Model and accompanying secular change. If annual change is in same direction as variation it is additive and the variation is increasing. If annual change is opposite in direction to variation it is subtractive and the variation is decreasing.

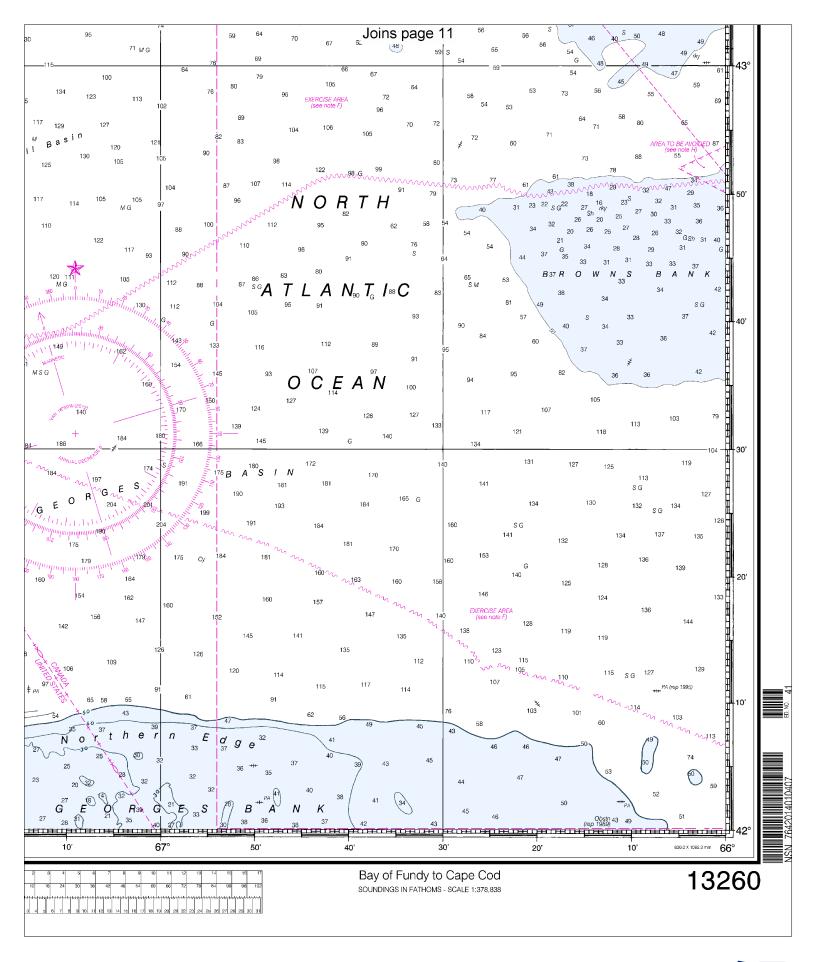
## PRINT-ON-DEMAND CHARTS

NOAA and its partner. OceanGráftis, offer this chart updated weekly by NOAA for Notices to Mariners and critical corrections. Charts are printed when ordered using Print-on-Demand technology. New Editions are available 2-8 weeks before their release as traditional NOAA charts. Ask your chart agent about Print-on-Demand charts or contacts NOAA at https://ocsdata.ncd.noaa.gov/idrs/inquiry.aspx, or OceanGrafix at 1-877-56CHART or http://www.oceangrafix.com.

Published at Was U.S. DEPARTMENT NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMO NATIONAL OCEA COAST SU



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## VHF Marine Radio channels for use on the waterways:

**Channel 6** – Inter-ship safety communications.

Channel 9 – Communications between boats and ship-to-coast.

Channel 13 – Navigation purposes at bridges, locks, and harbors.

Channel 16 – Emergency, distress and safety calls to Coast Guard and others, and to initiate calls to other

vessels. Contact the other vessel, agree to another channel, and then switch.

Channel 22A – Calls between the Coast Guard and the public. Severe weather warnings, hazards to navigation and safety warnings are broadcast here. Channels 68, 69, 71, 72 and 78A – Recreational boat channels.

**Getting and Giving Help** — Signal other boaters using visual distress signals (flares, orange flag, lights, arm signals); whistles; horns; and on your VHF radio. You are required by law to help boaters in trouble. Respond to distress signals, but do not endanger yourself.

#### **Distress Call Procedures**

- Make sure radio is on.
- Select Channel 16.
- Press/Hold the transmit button.
- Clearly say: "MAYDAY, MAYDAY, MAYDAY."
- Also give: Vessel Name and/or Description; Position and/or Location; Nature of

Emergency; Number of People on Board.

- · Release transmit button.
- Wait for 10 seconds If no response Repeat MAYDAY call.

HAVE ALL PERSONS PUT ON LIFE JACKETS!



NOAA Weather Radio All Hazards (NWR) is a nationwide network of radio stations broadcasting continuous weather information directly from the nearest National Weather Service office. NWR broadcasts official Weather Service warnings, watches, forecasts and other hazard information 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

http://www.nws.noaa.gov/nwr/

## **Quick References**

Nautical chart related products and information — http://www.nauticalcharts.noaa.gov

Online chart viewer — <a href="http://www.nauticalcharts.noaa.gov/mcd/NOAAChartViewer.html">http://www.nauticalcharts.noaa.gov/mcd/NOAAChartViewer.html</a>

Report a chart discrepancy — http://ocsdata.ncd.noaa.gov/idrs/discrepancy.aspx

Chart and chart related inquiries and comments — http://ocsdata.ncd.noaa.gov/idrs/inquiry.aspx?frompage=ContactUs

Chart updates (LNM and NM corrections) — http://www.nauticalcharts.noaa.gov/mcd/updates/LNM\_NM.html

Coast Pilot online — http://www.nauticalcharts.noaa.gov/nsd/cpdownload.htm

Tides and Currents — http://tidesandcurrents.noaa.gov

Marine Forecasts — http://www.nws.noaa.gov/om/marine/home.htm

National Data Buoy Center — http://www.ndbc.noaa.gov/

NowCoast web portal for coastal conditions — http://www.nowcoast.noaa.gov/

National Weather Service — http://www.weather.gov/

National Hurrican Center — http://www.nhc.noaa.gov/

Pacific Tsunami Warning Center — http://ptwc.weather.gov/

Contact Us — http://www.nauticalcharts.noaa.gov/staff/contact.htm



For the latest news from Coast Survey, follow @nauticalcharts



This Booklet chart has been designed for duplex printing (printed on front and back of one sheet). If a duplex option is not available on your printer, you may print each sheet and arrange them back-to-back to allow for the proper layout when viewing.

